

**Connector pin assignment Profibus-DP Encoder with PNO-Profile Class 2
Design with two-pole screw terminals (45°)**

General note:

If the encoder is the last station in the profibus line, the DIP switches *S3* and *S4* for the profibus terminator (switching-on of the terminal resistance) must be switched on. Otherwise they must be switched off. At the add-on connection of the terminal resistance the signals Profibus DataA_OUT and DataB_OUT are switched off, following bus stations aren't recognized by the master therefore any more.

The profibus also works when the encoder is removed. Is the encoder the last station in the profibus line, the reference potential of the terminator resistances is missing!

In order to enable a separate wiring of incoming and outgoing signals the profibus terminals and the terminals for the supply voltage have two connection possibilities.

TR-Electronic recommends for the operation to use only bus cables certified by the Profibus User Organization (PNO).

With the BCD address switches *S1* (10^1) and *S2* (10^0) the station address for the profibus is set from 3 to 99.

Print clamps:

2-pole, connection angle 45°, grid spacing 5 mm, screw M 2,6 x 5,3 mm, drilling \varnothing 1,3 mm, nominal cross-section 1,5 mm², connection up to 2,5 mm² (fixed or flexible), nominal voltage 250 V, rated current 15 A, according to VDE 0100.

Explanation of terms:

- US: Supply voltage, 11-27 V DC
- US-input: 1-level > +8V, 0-level < +2V, up to \pm 35V, 5 kOhm
- OFF: Terminal resistances are not active

X2 - screw clamp, 2-pin

- Pin 1 US, supply voltage
- Pin 2 GND, supply voltage 0 V

X3 - screw clamp, 2-pin

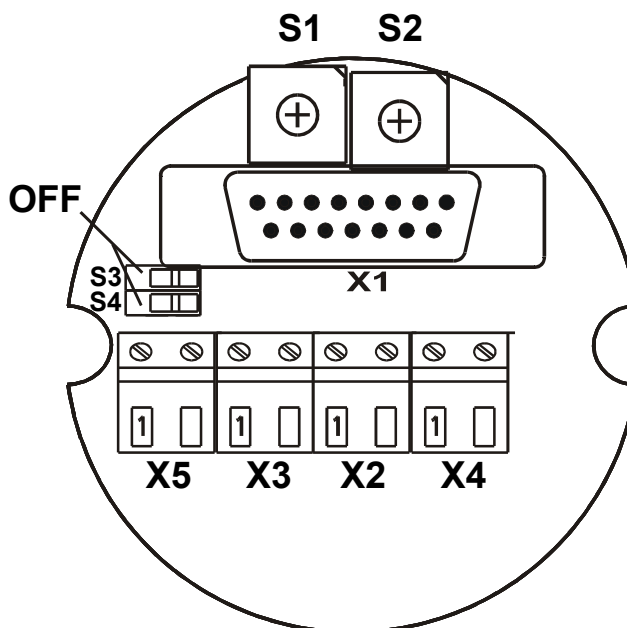
- Pin 1 US, supply voltage
- Pin 2 GND, supply voltage 0 V

X4 - screw clamp, 2-pin

- Pin 1 Profibus DataA_OUT
- Pin 2 Profibus DataB_OUT

X5 - screw clamp, 2-pin

- Pin 1 Profibus DataA_IN
- Pin 2 Profibus DataB_IN



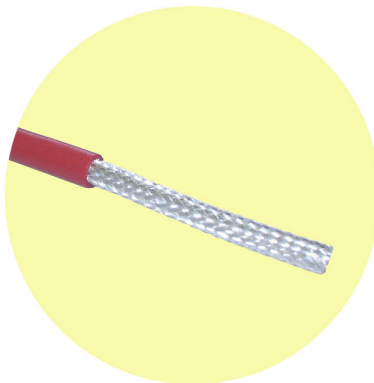
Auflegen der Kabelschirmung mittels Kabelverschraubung

Connecting the cable shielding by means of a cable screw gland

1.

Kabel entsprechend der benötigten Länge abisolieren

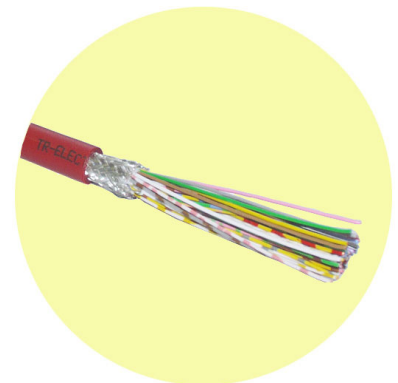
Strip cable according to the required length



2.

Abschirmung gemäß Punkt 3 zuschneiden

Cut shielding in accordance with step 3



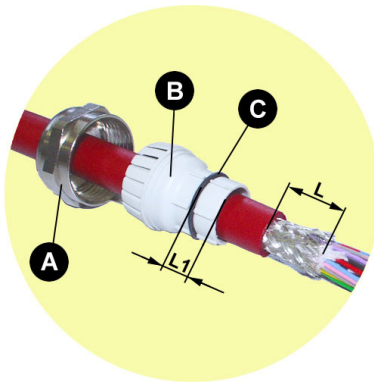
3.

(A) Kabelverschraubung
(B) Klemmeinsatz
(C) O-Ring

$L = L_1 + \text{ca. } 3 \text{ mm}$

(A) Cable screw gland
(B) Terminal holder
(C) O-ring

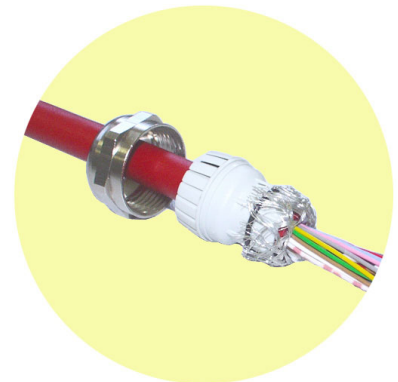
$L = L_1 + \text{approx. } 3 \text{ mm}$



4.

Abschirmung zurückstülpen, so daß das Geflecht über den O-Ring (C) gelegt wird.

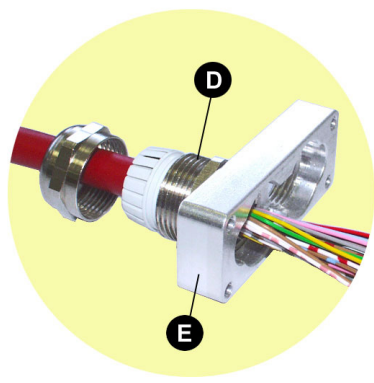
Push back the shielding such that the braiding goes over the O-ring (C)



5.

(D) Stutzen
(E) Anschlußplatte
Klemmeinsatz (B) bis zum Nut in den Stutzen (D) einschieben

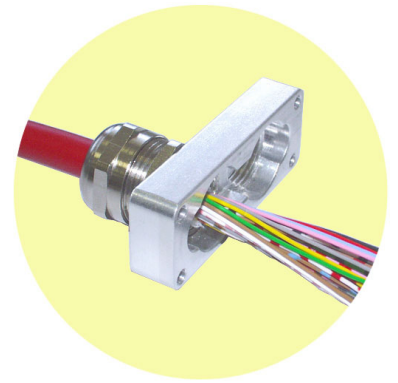
(D) Filler
(E) Connecting plate
Insert terminal holder (B) up to the groove into the filler (D).



6.

Kabelverschraubung (A) auf den Stutzen (D) fest aufschrauben

Screw cable gland (A) on to the filler (D) tightly.



7.

(F) Bus-Haube
Anschlußplatte (E) mit der Bus-Haube (F) verschrauben

(F) Bus cap
Screw connecting plate (E) with the bus cap (F)

