

## Pin assignment

### Laser Measuring Device LE-200 Profibus-DP Class 2

#### General note:

If the device is the last station in the profibus line, the DIP switches *S3* and *S4* for the profibus terminator (switching-on of the terminal resistance) must be switched on, otherwise they must be switched off. **With the add-on connection of the terminal resistance the outgoing bus (PB\_A\_OUT, PB\_B\_OUT) is interrupted!**

The profibus also operates, if the device is separated from the connection cap.

TR-Electronic recommends for the operation to use only bus cables certified by the PNO.

With the BCD address switches *S1* ( $10^0$ ) and *S2* ( $10^1$ ) the station address for the profibus is set from 3 to 99.

#### Print clamps:

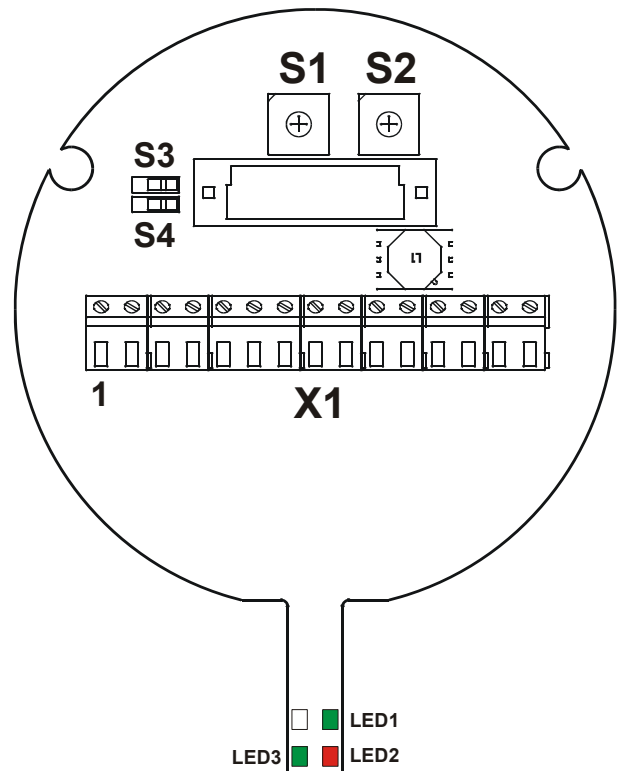
Connection angle 45°, grid spacing 5 mm, screw M 2.6 x 5.3 mm, nominal cross-section 1.5 mm<sup>2</sup>, connection up to 2.5 mm<sup>2</sup> (fixed or flexible), nominal voltage 250 V, rated current 15 A, according to VDE 0100.

#### Explanation of terms:

US:	* Standard supply voltage: 18-27 V DC, device with heating: 24 V DC (± 5 %)
US-input:	1-level > +8V, 0-level < +2V, up to ±35V, 5 kOhm
US-output:	1-level > US-2V, 0-level < 1 V, up to 100mA
Opto-input:	Opto coupler for line driver (RS422)
RS422-output:	see DIN 66 348, part 2

#### X1 - screw clamp, 15-pole

Pin 1	Profibus Data PB_A_IN
Pin 2	Profibus Data PB_B_IN
Pin 3	Profibus Data PB_A_OUT
Pin 4	Profibus Data PB_B_OUT
Pin 5	US-input, programmable
Pin 6	US-output, programmable
Pin 7	Signal GND (reference potential pin 6)
Pin 8	Programming interface RS485 +
Pin 9	Programming interface RS485 –
Pin 10	* US, supply voltage
Pin 11	0V, supply voltage
Pin 12	Opto-input for SSI-clock +
Pin 13	Opto-input for SSI-clock –
Pin 14	RS422-output for SSI-data +
Pin 15	RS422-output for SSI-data –



#### LEDs

LED1	(green): Profibus-DP active
LED2	(red): flashing = Profibus-DP not active, static = hardware failure
LED3	(green) : Hardware OK